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*Documentary
THIS IS UNEVALUATED INFORMATION

1. Based on an unofficial count of the National Electoral Council, out of thirty-two Deputy seats to be filled in the Guatemalan Congress, pro-government parties elected 29 as follows: Partido Accion Revolucionaria (PAR): 12; PAR Dissidents: 2; Partido de la Revolucion Guatemalteca (PRG): 10; Partido Renovacion Nacional (PRN): 2; the Communist Partido Guatemalteco del Trabajo (PGT): 1. The anti-Communist opposition elected 3 as follows: Partido Unificacion Anticomunista (PUA): 1; Comité Civico Nacional (CCN): 1; Partido Independiente Anti-Comunista Oriental (PIACO): 1.
2. There is a possibility that some minor changes may take place as a result of allegations of fraud and the interpretation of the minority representation provisions of the Electoral Law.
3. The Department of Guatemala voted almost two to one for the anti-Communist ticket against Jose Mamel FORTUNY, who was not elected. Carlos Manuel PELLEGER, however, was elected in Escuintla.
4. If no changes are made, the new Congress of 56 deputies will be PAR: 22; PAR Dissidents: 2, who may join one of the other pro-government parties; PRG: 16; PRN: 7; the Communist PGT: 4; and the anti-Communists: 5.¹

1. [] Comment: The anti-Communist popular voting strength was actually much greater than is indicated by the number of deputies elected.

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